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AIR POUCH
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# FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

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DESP. NO.

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FROM : AMEMBASSY TRIPOLI

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

February 28, 1958
DATE

REF : CERP Section D, Item IV-A-5

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| | REC'D 3/14 | OTHER CIA-12, OSD-4*, ARMY 4, NAVY-3, AIR-3 TR-3 |

SUBJECT: Libyan-American Reconstruction Commission: 19th Meeting

JOINT EMBASSY/USOM MESSAGE

The Embassy transmits six copies of the minutes and relevant documents pertaining to the 19th meeting of the Libyan-American Reconstruction Commission, held on November 20, 1957 in Benghazi, Libya.

For the Ambassador

Rodger P. Davies

Rodger P. Davies
Counselor of Embassy

Enclosures: As

Minutes, 19th meeting
Appendix I - "Financial Status of Programs as of Oct. 31, 1957"
Appendix II - "Status of Project Agreements re $16,150 million grant"
Appendix III - "Status of Project Agreements re $5 million grant"
Appendix IV - "Estimated Program and Expenditures as of March 31, 1958"
Appendix IVa - "LARC Project Proposal"

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR
REVIEWED BY J.M.Ragi DATE May 6, 1982

cc: Benghazi

AF MESSAGE CENTER
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HBS

1 Report

LIBYAN AMERICAN RECONSTRUCTION COMMISSION
MEETING HELD IN BENGHAZI ON NOVEMBER 20,1957

773.5 MSP
12-28-58

Present:- Essayed A.R. Shaglouf (Chairman) - Permanent Under Secretary, Ministry of Finance.
Essayed Fouad Kabazi - Permanent Under Secretary, Ministry of Communications
Mr. Marcus Gordon - Director USOM/L
Mr. Frederic K. Lundy - Economic Officer, U.S. Embassy

Office of Executive Director - Mr. Erwin C. Hannum - Executive Director
Essayed Omar Yacoub - D/Executive Director
Mr. Gunnar Nielsen - A/Regional Representative - Benghazi
Miss Martha Higginbotham - Reports Officer
Mrs. Y. Cavalli - Secretary

Others - Mr. Floyd L. Larson - USOM/L
Mr. H.E. Caustin - U.N.T.A.B. & Development Council
Dr. H. Spence - USOM/L
Mr. C.C. Davis - Chief Accountant - G.O.L.
Essayed M. Murabet - (for Sir Arthur Dean) L.P.D. & S.A.

I. REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING

1. These were approved with slight changes in Items 13, 16 and 20.

II. COMMENTS BY CHAIRMAN

2. Essayed Shaglouf read a circular letter received from the Prime Minister dated September 29, addressed to all Government and semi-government organizations urging them to be very careful about all expenditures.

3. It was agreed that this is the Commission policy.

III. PROGRESS REPORT

4. Mr. Hannum referred to the large tables. Appendix I "Financial Status of Programs as of October 31st" is the usual monthly table which brings you up to date. The transfers during the month of October amounted to £L.538,000 which means that money is moving quite rapidly from LARC to the Action Agencies. As of yesterday we had transferred during November £L.143,000. The next table, Appendix II, "Status of Project Agreements re 16,150 million Dollar Account" shows the program for the ICA 1957 Fiscal Year Fund. The next single-sheet table, Appendix III, "Status of Project Agreements re Five Million Dollar Account" shows the program for the ICA Fiscal Year 1956 Funds. Appendix IV, "Accumulative Expenditure As of March 31, 1957 and Estimated Accumulative Expenditure as of March 31, 1958", gives an expenditure report as of this date. These are the expenditure figures as of last March which totalled £L.5,327,000. The capitalization of banks is considered as expended by the Action Agency. The estimated expenditure as of April 1st next year is $10,800,000. APP. IV A, "LARC Project Proposals"

IV. PROGRAM ADDITIONS AND CHANGES

5. Mr. Hannum There are some items in the material that call for consideration and action by the Commission. There are a few other items that need to be discussed probably with some action and others for consideration by the Commission.

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58. Mr. Hannum We have asked for some additional information from the expert. There is no question in our minds about the cost of equipment, but the

" Tripoli Electric Power Plant

Progress is being made on the program for renovation and expansion of the Tripoli Power Plant. Commission action is required in order to have full preparations for succeeding steps in the work. The Commission has participated in the Tripoli Electric Power Plant from the earliest of its activities. This participation has been in the form of providing funds for the purchase of the plant and facilities from the Italian owners. This involved the payment of £L.1,122,000 for 70% of the ownership with transfer of title accomplished on February 1st, 1956. The Ministry of Finance was the Action Agency. Following the purchase of the facilities LARC made available two loans totalling £L.331,000 to the Ministry of Finance for loan to the power operation. These loans are to be repaid and the current status of the program will be reported on separately.

The other aspect of LARC participation is in connection with the renovation and expansion of the Power Plant facilities and the transmission and distribution system. In February of 1957 a contract was signed between the Ministry of Finance for the Government of Libya and Westinghouse International Electric Co. to purchase two 10,000 K.W. Generators with steam turbines and other electrical equipment. LARC is financing this purchase and making quarterly payments in accordance with a schedule established in the purchase contract. These payments are being made by LARC on behalf of the Ministry of Finance as Action Agency.

The Westinghouse contract will amount to a total of $3,812,734.75 (£L.1,361,690.981m/ms). This includes $164,184.75 (£L.58,637.410m/ms) interest payment which starts after one year at the rate of 6%. When the contract was signed LARC had Earmarked and Allotted $2 million for this purpose. The $2 million was to be available from the $4 million special funds available from U.S. Fiscal year 1957 money. This requires an additional earmarking and allotment out of future special funds to be available to LARC amounting to $1,812,734.75. It appears advisable to schedule and program by Earmarkings in future special funds amounts to cover the progress payments due. It is to be noted if all the money were to be made available by February 1959 it would be necessary to pay only $3,648,550 (£L.1,303,053.571m/ms) for the Westinghouse equipment or a saving of $164,184 (£L.58,637) due to interest. It seems desirable to make this money available in February 1959 out of future funds in order to save this sizeable expenditure for economic development in Libya.

The total financing for renovation and expansion of the Tripoli Power Plant is as follows:-

Electric Equipment

| | |
|---|---|
| Contract price | $3,812,735 |
| Earmarked and Allotted | $2,000,000 |
| Additional Earmarking and Allotment required | $1,812,735 |

Local Costs

| | |
|---|---|
| Estimated requirement | $ 900,000 |
| Earmarked and Allotted | 0 |
| Additional Earmarking and Allotment required | $ 900,000 |

Engineering, Construction and Non-Electrical Facilities

| | |
|---|---|
| Estimated requirements | $6,500,000 |
| Earmarked and Allotted | $3,500,000 |
| Additional Earmarking and Allotment required | $3,000,000 |

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" Payments for the Westinghouse equipment have included a 10% down payment in March and three quarterly payments made in May, August and November. They total $1,185,778.

For the non-electrical equipment activities of engineering and construction which was estimated by the Gibbs and Hill study to amount to approximately $7.6 million, including $900,000 for local costs. In connection with these non-electrical equipment items a number of steps have been taken. Out of ICA development loan funds $3.5 million have been made available for the dollar cost of the engineering construction and other non-electrical equipment items. A loan agreement dealing with the handling of these funds has been executed between the Government of Libya and the Government of the United States. Under the terms of this agreement it was necessary to call for bids and make a selection of an engineering firm on a competitive basis. These steps have been taken and the William P. Byrne P.E. New York City has been selected. On August 8, 1957 a letter of agreement was executed in Washington D.C. between the William P. Byrne P.E. and LARC which has been designated as the Agency for the Government of Libya to deal with these loan funds. Ambassador Gerbi was authorized to sign this agreement which was to cover 60 days' operation with the understanding that a contract would be entered into superseding the letter of agreement. The contract was drafted by ICA and Byrne in the United States and the draft received early in October. The letter of agreement has been extended for 60 days and may be extended for another 60 days if the contract is not ready for signature earlier.

On October 8, three engineers from the Byrne organization arrived in Tripoli to make on-the-ground studies and analysis preparatory to making final designs and specifications for the renovation and expansion of the Tripoli Power Plant facilities. The 42-page draft contract has been carefully reviewed by the ICA in Washington with the Byrne's organization and by the Office of the Executive Director of LARC, USOM/L and the Byrne representative in Tripoli. With a number of changes of a minor nature which have been sent to the United States, the contract is in good shape and appears ready for signature at an early time. This contract will involve a total of a little over $900,000 including fee for this engineering contract. These would be the dollar costs which would provide for engineering studies, designs and supervision. They will require some additional amounts to be paid in local currency for the support of personnel and activities in Libya. LARC is providing transportation, stenographic and clerical personnel and a few other separate items in Tripoli.

IT IS RECOMMENDED that the Chairman of the Commission be authorized to sign the contract as soon as it is prepared and ready for signature. This authorization should include the right of the Chairman to designate the Libyan Ambassador in the United States to sign for him or to designate Essayed Fouad Kabazi, Commission Member, to sign on his behalf in the event the contract is to be signed in Tripoli and the event the Chairman is not available."

6. Mr. Gordon As far as I am concerned this has been reviewed by so many lawyers that I would not attempt to discuss it. These are Loan Funds which go through the Export Import Bank, although we show them in the LARC figures.

7. Mr. Hannum The Byrne people are working on the basis of a letter of [redacted] should be in the field immediately. We do have the landrover which we can make available for one crew.

million have been made available for the dollar cost of the engineering construction and other non-electrical equipment items. A loan agreement dealing with the handling of these funds has been executed between the Government of Libya and the Government of the United States. Under the terms of this agreement it was necessary to call for bids and make a selection of an engineering firm on a competitive basis. These steps have been taken and the William P. Byrne P.E. New York City has been selected. On August 8, 1957 a letter of agreement was executed in Washington D.C. between the William P. Byrne P.E. and LARC which has been designated as the Agency for the Government of Libya to deal with these loan funds. Ambassador Gerbi was authorized to sign this agreement which was to cover 60 days' operation with the understanding that a contract would be entered into superseding the letter of agreement. The contract was drafted by ICA and Byrne in the United States and the draft received early in October. The letter of agreement has been extended for 60 days and may be extended for another 60 days if the contract is not ready for signature earlier.

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7. Mr. Hannum The Byrne people are working on the basis of a letter of agreement in anticipation of the contract. This made it possible for them to make their initial studies and start their designs. The next step is that of getting the construction contractor under contract so that he can begin to take his responsibility of obtaining reinforced steel and other things which have to be purchased prior to starting construction. Nothing can be done until the Byrne contract has been signed as they are limited under the letter of agreement. It is of considerable urgency to get this contract signed. The contract has been very carefully studied.

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88. Mr. Hannum There have been some discussions in recent weeks. It appears

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It is on the same lines as the Hycon Page contract, which, as you know was based on an ICA prepared contract. It is highly desirable that the Commission authorize the signature of this contract so that it can go ahead.

8. Essayed Shaglouf Since it has been checked and provided there should be no difference in the general conditions I would suggest that this be approved.

9. Mr. Gordon Our approval of this recommendation would not prevent the signatory of the contract to get any advice prior to signing it. I note that LARC has been designated as the Action Agency for this loan.

10. Mr. Hannum Yes this is the only case where LARC is the Action Agency. It has been done in this case because the Tripoli Electricity Corporation has not yet been authorized by LAW.

" Under the contract the Byrnes Engineers will prepare a list of qualified construction engineering firms together with a call for bid for approval by LARC and ICA/W. Upon analysis of the bids submitted, recommendation will be made for the award of a contract with the construction engineering firm to be responsible for construction and installation in the renovation and expansion of the Tripoli Power Plant including the Westinghouse Equipment. Such construction firm will also be responsible for handling the purchase of non-electrical equipment. In order that work can proceed steps will be taken to have this contract executed at the earliest time after the signing of the contract with Byrne.

Payment for the Byrne contract and the construction contract will be made from the $3.5 million that has already been made available by the ICA from development loan funds. This amount will not cover completely the engineering and construction contract requirements. However, they will meet the first year needs. Additional funds will be required in succeeding years. "

11. Mr. Davis In regard to the Westinghouse contract, it is expected that within 24 months the two 10,000 K.W. sets will have to be delivered. Is there any actual need for the two sets to be delivered so soon? I do not think there is real need for the second set to be delivered very soon and I am wondering if it would be possible to come to some arrangement with the Westinghouse to effect delivery later on.

12. Mr. Hannum This could be looked into. There is a clause saying that this could be done in agreement with the purchaser.

13. Mr. Hannum Are we to consider that the Byrne contract is approved with authorization for the Chairman to sign, on the understanding that this can be reviewed further by any Commission member who wishes?

14. This was Approved.

" In connection with the engineering responsibilities Byrne engineers require information regarding the Soil conditions at the Power Plant. Information regarding soil analysis is required immediately in order for design inspection activities to proceed. The Byrne proposal excluded soil analysis information from the cost to be covered in the engineering contract. When the engineers arrived in Tripoli they found the soil information was far from adequate and discussed the possibility of obtaining soil samples by local personnel and equipment. They very readily found that there is not available locally the kinds of equipment and personnel required. The immediate alternative was to obtain by contract an American Firm to proceed immediately to

further plans. The additional material came in during the Summer and the group was convened to look at the material. The paper I have passed to

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After brief discussions with Commission members it was decided that the contract should be signed immediately between LARC and Byrne engineers. This contract will require approximately £L.7,000 most of which will be paid in Dollars.

IT IS RECOMMENDED that Earmarking and Allotment of £L.7,000 be made for Tripoli Power Plant project to be used by contract between LARC and Byrne Engineers for the purpose of obtaining Soil analysis at the Power Plant Site. This £L.7,000 would be Earmarked out of the balance of Earmarked funds not presently programmed. "

15. Mr. Hannum In order to get this moving right away we have prepared a simple contract between LARC and Byrne authorizing them to enter into contract with some firm to proceed with the job. It will cost approximately £L.7,000. This would be on a cost plus fee basis.

16. Mr. Gordon Does this include the Core Drilling equipment?

17. Mr. Hannum The contractor would bring in his own equipment for the job and then take it back.

18. Mr. Lundy May be that firm would then be willing to sell the equipment to P.W.D. at a cheap price, once it is here.

19. Mr. Hannum This contract was signed before I left Tripoli. This is one time when I took direct action after discussing it with Commission members who were available but prior to obtaining formal Commission action.

20. This was approved.

"The renovation and expansion program has been recognized to require approximately $900,000 to be available by the Government of Libya to meet local currency requirements. Funds have been required and it is necessary to obtain an Earmarking and Allotment out of the $4 million special funds for this purpose.

IT IS RECOMMENDED that $550,000 (£L.196,428.571m/ms) be Earmarked out of the $4 million special funds to be made available in the U.S. Fiscal Year 1958/59 and $350,000 (£L.125,000) to be Earmarked to be available out of the $4 million special funds to be available in the U.S. Fiscal Year 1959/60 to be used to meet local costs in connection with the Tripoli Power Plant renovation and expansion.

IT IS RECOMMENDED that £L.25,000 ($76,000) be allotted out of the $4 million special funds to be available in U.S. fiscal year 1958/59 to be used for the local currency costs in connection with the renovation and expansion of the Tripoli Power Plant. "

21. This was approved.

22. Mr. Davis Mr. Camisa has purchased quite a large stock of stores in the last months and we do hope this will not be repeated. The maintenance costs for the Tripoli Power Plant Undertaking have gone very much upwards even compared with the last two years prior to purchase which were already high. His normal maintenance costs I think were something like £L.50,000 to £L.60,000. These, when the Government was going to buy the Plant, went up to £L.90,000 and now they are twice as much. According to Mr. Ford (Tripoli Power Plant Accountant) Mr. Camisa has capitalized about a quarter of a million pounds to get £L.5,000 to £L.6,000 revenue a year. The main thing is to get the Tripoli Electricity Corporation bill passed through Parliament.

23. Essayed Shaglouf The bill is going to be submitted to Parliament. Regarding Mr. Camisa's over-expenditure we have drawn his attention in order to have this stopped but since we are responsible for this we would not like the Byrne people to consider all what Mr. Camisa has bought as redundant.

24. Mr. Hannum That will need some careful study.

25. Mr. Lundy Have the Byrne people no authority to stop any further move by Camisa?

26. Mr. Davis No, but he has definitely been instructed to stop this activity.

## WADI MEGENIN

"In recent months there have been a number of discussions between the Tripolitania Administration, the Joint Services for Agriculture and Natural Resources and LARC concerning steps that might be taken to alleviate damage in Tripoli by the floods in the Wadi Megenin. The P.W.D. Tripolitania has recommended two possible diversions that might be made upstream from Tripoli. When this proposal was brought to the attention of the Office of the Executive Director arrangements were made for review of the idea and agreement was reached on the additional engineering data required prior to being able to evaluate the soundness of the plan. Group action has taken place with surveyors and engineering competence from Joint Services, LARC and the PWD to obtain by field survey the required data. The findings are apparently under review with some optimism that a plan may be acceptable. If there is an acceptable plan from the point of view of engineering analysis, which must assure that if water is diverted from the existing channel it will not find a weak place in a reservoir which will permit the water to flood in even larger quantities back into the old channel, there will still be the question of feasibility to undertake construction at this time of year.

Current estimates indicate that the plan under consideration would require £L.40,000 and possibly as much as £L.60,000 if it were to be undertaken immediately. The plan would divert three-quarters of the maximum flood of history from the existing channel at a point upstream from the Idris Airport road crossing near Castel Benito. The water would be diverted to the North East on Government land leaving in, in a situation equivalent to the maximum flow of record, some 36 cu. meters per second. This quantity can be handled by the existing Wadi Megenin channel through Tripoli without serious damage.

If it is decided advisable to undertake this plan the only funds LARC could make available would be by using the money now Earmarked and Allotted for the Wadi Megenin Watershed Management and Flood Control Project. £L.120,000 is now available for this program. A decision to proceed with the Flood Control diversion should be made in the light of requirements for funds between now and April 1st, 1958 for the present Watershed Management Project. This is an important project in Tripolitania if it has engineering feasibility. It is planned on the basis that it would take care of one maximum flood and will be expected to take care of two or three maximum floods with some maintenance. With continued maintenance it could provide considerable relief to Tripolitania during the period when the headwaters program is getting under way and begins to take effect.

IT IS RECOMMENDED that the Commission agree to using up to £L.60,000 of the funds Earmarked and Allotted for the Wadi Megenin project if there is agreement by the engineers and by coordination with the Joint Services responsibility in programming the Headwaters program. "

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27. Mr. Hannum The difference between the £L.40,000 and £L.60,000 is in the time of the year that this work would have to be carried out. If it is constructed during the rainy season, extra precautions must be taken to protect the work as it progresses.

28. Mr. Gordon There is a survey group working on it now and they will have technical recommendation within a week as to the engineering feasibility.

29. Mr. Hannum There was a meeting in early October which ended that certain additional information was required. Engineering data is needed to show whether there is a channel area that would provide a sufficient gradient for the water to go into the reservoir so that it would flow in sufficient velocity to carry the sediment. They agreed on strengthening the main channel at the point of diversion. The additional information required is to see what has to be done in order to strengthen the reservoir boundary that appears to be the weakest. That, of course, is the worse danger. Another point is to see whether there is a storage area adjacent which could materially increase the volume capacity.

30. Mr. Caustin Does this mean a delay or suspension in the works in the Upper shed of the Wadi Megenin?

31. Mr. Hannum No, the program is going forward, but somewhat slower than expected, because of the land tenure question and some other points, so this in itself would not necessarily slow down the program due to its cost. The program may be extended on a little longer period but it will be necessary to come to the Commission for more money next year to keep the long term program moving.

32. This was approved.

33. Essayed Shaglouf In this connection I had a letter from the Wali of Tripolitania pressing for contribution to the Wadi Megenin Distressed Fund which is to be used for low cost housing, and I am wondering whether there is any fund in LARC set up for this?

34. Mr. Hannum LARC contributed by providing £L.38,000 for Low Cost Housing.

35. Mr. Gordon USOM provided individual contributions.

36. Mr. Murabet L.P.D. & S.A. paid for compensation.

37. Essayed Shaglouf Then can we say that the £L.38,000 represents the contribution to this fund?

38. Mr. Hannum No this was done prior to the flood but it is a housing project.

39. Essayed Shaglouf Then we can remind the Wali that there is £L.38,000 for Low Cost Housing which can be put to use.

40. Mr. Hannum If they would like to use that for the housing program under the Wadi Megenin Distressed Fund, the Commission should have no objection. But this should be for Low Cost Housing and not for compensating anybody.

LOW COST HOUSING

41. Mr. Hannum To pull together the LARC situation on the Low Cost Housing I would say that £L. 60,000 has been made available for Cyrenaica and £L.38,000 for Tripolitania. The £L.60,000 in Cyrenaica has practically all been transferred or obligated and there is a request in for Cyrenaica for additional housing in the coming year. In Tripolitania the £L.38,000 has been available for

additional information was required. Engineering data is needed to show whether there is a channel area that would provide a sufficient gradient for the water to go into the reservoir so that it would flow in sufficient velocity to carry the sediment. They agreed on strengthening the main channel at the point of diversion. The additional information required is to see what has to be done in order to strengthen the reservoir boundary that appears to be the weakest. That, of course, is the worse danger. Another point is to see whether there is a storage area adjacent which could materially increase the volume capacity.

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42. Mr. Caustin The Housing Expert has just arrived. The Tripolitania Government has accumulated the amounts mentioned and I gather that there is considerable interest in this field. With the experience gained in the Wadi Caam operation, this expert hopes to make a more realistic assessment of what housing ought to be.

43. Mr. Larson I might offer two comments. One is that on the cost of housing. We have gained some experience on the Wadi Caam Operation which might help the expert as to cost of the construction. We have tried to reduce the cost within a reasonable figure but it has been somewhat difficult to do because of the attitude of the workers, but we are told that the next group of houses will be at around £L.265 to £L.270 for a two-roomed cement house versus the £L.450. So we have made some progress in that project in the way of getting better and more reasonable cost on the houses. The other point is in connection with the Wadi Megenin problem. I feel that the Commission should help to bring to the realization and understanding of both the Federal and Provincial Government the problem in the Wadi Megenin which will never entirely be solved by either the upstream program or the downstream program together. There will always come in unusual years heavy floods down the Wadi Megenin which will claim a channel and we would be much better off to mark out what the channel is going to be and then try to plan how best to solve the damage that will occur to the people who are within that zone. It does not necessarily mean that they will have to move out. It may be that the flood may come every 10 or 30 years but it would mean that you would have to keep out any expensive type of housing in such an area. We should combine the Low Cost Housing with the Wadi Megenin problem and try to do our flood planning in that area and make an effort to resettle the people who are within the flood channel area in some other area.

## COLD STORAGE AND FOOD PROCESSING

"A year ago a special subcommittee under the Agriculture and Natural Resources Technical Subcommittee was organized to review the activities in connection with Cold Storage and Food Processing activities. The first year LARC Earmarked and Allotted £L.10,000 for this activity. This money was to be used for developing plans and surveys to determine the kind and extent of projects for this activity, particularly as it related to Cold Storage.

In 1956 a report was submitted setting forth Cold Storage facilities in Tripoli and Benghazi. These designs were reviewed by the Special Subcommittee and it was concluded that there already existed certain facilities in the form of Abattoirs in both communities which should be renovated and extended without providing completely new facilities. It was further concluded that the size and type of Cold Storage proposed was beyond the immediate needs and abilities of Libya. Extensive reviews and considerations were undertaken with the municipalities, provincial administrations and through availability of experts provided by the United Nations. In connection with renovation of the abattoirs the Joint Services brought to Libya an engineer from a plant which had provided the Abattoir equipment in Tripoli.

Discussions were held during the Summer with the Ministry of National Economy regarding the matter of publishing a simple brochure showing the information and data that has been collected in Libya concerning Cold Storage facilities, including designs, and making it known to any who might be interested to finance through private funds such facilities. At the time of the discussion it was understood that the Government of Libya through its legislation would be in a position of arranging tax and tariff benefits for a limited period of time to encourage such private development.

time include Cold Storage operations in benefits that might be given to private investors. It would seem appropriate that the Government might still make this information available but is not in a position to encourage in any specific manner private investment on this subject.

A specific engineering report, including basic design information, has been submitted by the United Nations/F.A.O. expert Mr. Sbordoni regarding Abattoir, chilling and cold storage related to Abattoir and a large operating cold storage facility in both Benghazi and Tripoli. Mr. Sbordoni's report together with information obtained from the engineer brought in specifically to review the abattoir, indicates that an expenditure of approximately £L.95,000 in Benghazi and approximately £L.120,000 for Tripoli would provide modern adequate abattoir facilities including chilling and cold storage related thereto. It would take an additional £L.350,000 to £L.400,000 to provide large operating cold storage facilities in the two cities.

The Benghazi abattoir and chilling plant could be undertaken immediately and can be within the funds that are available for this activity. It is planned to proceed with this immediately. This would require practically all of the £L.97,000 that is presently Earmarked but not transferred.

It is presumed that the Tripoli abattoir with chilling and cold storage related to it would be ready to start some time during the coming twelve months. There are land acquisition problems still to be settled. This item will cost £L.120,000 and so far as LARC funds concerned would be dependent upon availability of this amount of money for this purpose.

The large Cold Storage facilities for Benghazi and Tripoli call for very large sums of money which will have to be programmed if the Government is to undertake such activity with LARC funds.

The above is a matter of reporting to the Commission regarding the status of activities with the observation that the proposal to proceed immediately with the Benghazi abattoir and cold storage appears to be in line with the thinking and will be the first step in this program and allotment of the remaining £L.50,000 will be required.

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT £L.50,000 be Allotted for the Food Processing and Cold Storage Project. This will make an Allotment of the total amount of £L.100,000 that is Earmarked. "

44. Mr. Hannum The Ministry of National Economy is very much interested in having large cold storage plants in operation in both Benghazi and Tripoli. Such facilities are estimated to cost £L.350,000 to £L.400,000. At the present time LARC does not have any such funds to consider such proposal. The Sub-Committee also is clearly of the opinion that such large cold storage facilities, in order to be really operative, require abattoirs and chilling plants.

45. Essayed Kabazi Before having all these facilities we ought to have the Marketing side all well planned.

46. Essayed Shaglouf We should find out whether the Ministry of National Economy still have any priority in this.

47. Essayed Yacoub They are still very interested in the project and are still thinking on the same lines. The Ministry's main worry is the delay and the idea of looking for private funds to go into the cold storage business, which they believe very doubtful. They realize that the two terminal buildings in both Tripoli and Benghazi would require very large sums of money which do not exist at the moment, but the Ministry is anxious to have something done at least with the Abattoir and leave the remainder to come in future as the funds become available.

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48. Mr. Gordon Would this £L.95,000 project for Benghazi provide for Abattoir and Chilling plant in connection with the Abattoir? Would that handle the present problem?

49. Mr. Larson That is the recommendation made by the FAO expert, Mr. Sbordoni. It will take three-days' slaughter.

50. Mr. Gordon Would it permit any chilling for shipment?

51. Mr. Larson It is for the domestic market.

52. There was discussion about whether private enterprise could be sought for this project. It was mentioned that there would be very little likelihood especially in view of the fact that opinion has been expressed that the Libyan Law does not cover assistance to Cold Storage type of profits. Mr. Larson said that the Subcommittee did not feel this was a crucial point because it was doubtful that private enterprise could ever be attracted to take this sort of thing. It was almost sure that such an operation would have to be run by a Government-sponsored organization. Mr. Hannum was not convinced that the arguments put forward to the effect that private enterprise would not be attracted, were conclusive arguments.

53. The project was approved as proposed.

Libyan-American Joint Services Administration

" For the Fiscal Year ending April 1, 1958 LARC had Earmarked £L.100,000 for the Joint Services Central Administration. A budget has been submitted and agreed. £L.50,000 was Allotted and has been completely transferred. The remaining £L.50,000 should be Allotted and available for expenditure for the remainder of this fiscal year.

IT IS RECOMMENDED that £L.50,000 be Allotted for the L.A.J.S. Central Administration activities. This makes a full allotment for the £L.100,000 that has been Earmarked. "

54. Approved

55. Mr. Hannum There are some other items which need consideration.

Rural Education and Craft Training

56. Mr. Hannum Last year we did a reprogramming job in January that reduced the amount of this project to the amount that had been reported as committed and required to complete that activity. During the Summer we received a request for transfer of funds to complete the activity that had been undertaken but had not been reported to us at the time we did the reprogramming. It calls for £L.100 to complete the expenditure for this activity which is specifically involved in putting into condition two vehicles. In order to complete this activity we need action on this.

57. Mr. Caustin When the reprogramming was made it was understood that if the project was revived, that amount would be restored. We now have a I.L.O. expert working on this project. He has been on 12 extensive journeys and

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57. Mr. Caustin When the reprogramming was made it was understood that if the project was revived, that amount would be restored. We now have a I.L.O. expert working on this project. He has been on 12 extensive journeys and has come back with a number of very promising projects such as making basketery work out of date palm for local use and for export. He is hoping to make arrangements with the Fezzan administration for the establishment of a handicraft department in the Nazirate of Finance and he hopes to get £L.2,000 or perhaps £L.3,000 for the maintenance of the handicraft department and for the payment of salaries of two instructors who are being imported and for the purchase of minimum equipment. It is envisaged to use the baskets manufactured for the transport of the Fezzan dates to the date packing house in Tripoli. I strongly recommend that the amount that was reprogrammed be restored, as we had at that time agreed for the expert when he arrived. He has now arrived and it would be very valuable.

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58. Mr. Hannum We have asked for some additional information from the expert. There is no question in our minds about the cost of equipment, but the instructors will be coming in January or February so the amount for this purpose up to April 1st would only be about £L.300.

59. Mr. Lundy Does this project embrace the construction as well as the marketing side?

60. Mr. Caustin Initially it is the improved production.

61. Essayed Shaglouf I would recommend that this project be approved.

62. Mr. Hannum It is a matter of recommending an earmarking and allotment of £L.600 for this project to be taken from the unearmarked £L.17,000.

63. This was approved.

Rehabilitation Libyan Hospitals

64. Mr. Hannum There is an item in connection with the Health projects. The rehabilitation of Libyan Hospitals calls for additional funds dealing with the continued employment of the consultants for the supervision of the construction. This is an item of £L.13,000 to cover a year, or about £L.7,000 which would carry for about six months.

65. Dr. Spence This is to continue the contract which is already in existence. The Health Subcommittee last August recommended that the contract be renewed for a full year but funds were not available. The contract will expire on the 3rd January but we feel that it is of benefit to have technicians with us for this job.

66. It was agreed that the amount of £L.7,000 be Earmarked and Allotted for this project to carry the contract for six months.

Domestic Water - D5L

67. Mr. Hannum The Domestic Water project needs an additional allotment of £L.30,000. The Allotment for this project is £L.430,571 while the total amount transferred is £L.459,856. The total amount Earmarked for this project is £L.501,999. An amount of £L.29,000 approximately in excess of the Allotment was transferred. I recommend that we allot an additional £L.30,000 to this project.

68. This was approved.

E.N.T.E. Farms - Area Development A19C

69. Mr. Hannum The matter of property surveys for the ENTE Farms has been under considerable discussion. Action should be taken to get the property surveys under way. Mr. Larson has prepared some information and I will ask him to make the presentation.

70. Mr. Larson passed around a Project Proposal (Appendix IV) and made a few comments on this. He said it is suggested that this be a sub-project under Area Development. As you see we have a budget listed but we can probably have one crew into the field immediately with what facilities we have at hand. We can at the moment supply one surveyor. I believe we should attempt to complete the surveys in a year.

71. Essayed Shaglouf This will help the Agriculture Bank in the granting of loans.

72. Mr. Gordon Will you be using the remaining untransferred funds from the Area Development Project or are you asking for additional funds?

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73. Mr. Larson I would like to have some advice on this. Mr. Wright has been representing area development and I would not know what is available.

74. Mr. Hannum Actually the first thing that is necessary is the acceptance of the idea and approval of some funds. This project proposal is for four crews. You now only have one surveyor and you will need some time before you get three more in. The rodmen you can pick up locally. What would be your requirements between now and the 1st April for one crew?

75. Mr. Larson The Nazir feels so strongly about this that he feels that a crew should go in the field immediately. We do have one landrover which we can make available for one crew.

76. Mr. Hannum Is this the only piece of equipment that you will be able to put in the field?

77. Mr. Larson This is the only one available.

78. Mr. Gordon We ought to be able to divert one vehicle from the livestock project and we might have some available from surplus stock at Wheelus.

79. Essayed Yacoub There is also the project which has been discontinued, A18C, which was under the supervision of Mr. Enriques. Two vehicles were bought for that project. I presume they could be utilized and the livestock section of the Joint Services could spare one or two vehicles, especially as their activities are all in one place.

80. Mr. Gordon I was going to raise the possibility of diverting £L.10,000 from the Area Development project. That would give you something to work on until funds are available and will take you to the time when your three other crews will be ready. I do not think there are any proposals for the area development program. I do not think it will cripple the program.

81. Mr. Hannum Has this gone through the Area Development Committee?

Mr. Larson No.

82. It was agreed that £L.10,000 will be Allotted from the A19C project. This will be a change in program allotment.

83. Essayed Yacoub I am sure there is a possibility of cutting down on the item of transportation and also in the engineering equipment. I understand that the State Property ordered some survey equipment a few months ago for this purpose. The Agriculture Department used to have a surveyor and they must have survey equipment as well. If all these sources could be coordinated, a reduced figure would result. Also salaries quoted for laborers are very high if we are to conform with the Government rates of pay.

## Cooperatives

84. Mr. Hannum There is need for some discussion on assistance to Cooperatives. The cooperative Act came into effect and there have been discussions about getting the cooperatives started in Cyrenaica. Discussions were held 10 months or so ago about the possibility of LARC putting in money to help the projects get under way. The proposal was that LARC might buy some shares in cooperatives to about £L.10,000 but all of this is a matter for policy decision by the Commission.

LARC figures.

75. Mr. Hannum The Byrne people are working on the basis of a letter of [illegible] should go in the field immediately. We do have one landrover which we can make available for one crew.

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85. Mr. Davis In the Exceptional Budget we have some money in for Tripolitania but there was no money for Cyrenaica but we have advanced £L.10,000 to them.

86. Mr. Hannum We now have applications from two cooperatives, one in Derna and one in Beda, for some £L.3,000 each. Others are being formed.

87. Mr. Larson There will also be forthcoming one from the Wadi Caam. They would like to use the money obtained from the sale of the grain which was put back into LARC special funds.

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88. Mr. Hannum There have been some discussions in recent weeks. It appears inappropriate for LARC to buy shares of a Cooperative. There are facilities in the Government through which arrangements could be made. That is the Agriculture Bank. Discussions have not been at any great length with the Chairman of the Agriculture Bank, it has been discussed with him only very briefly. I would propose, if the Commission agrees, that we explore with the Agriculture Bank whether they might handle this out of their own capital.

89. Mr. Larson I believe that the reason for the request is not exactly what has been explained. As I understand it, it is not the need for money but the need for security that is involved. The American credit advisors of the Agriculture Bank in both provinces say they would not advise the Bank to make any loans to a cooperative solely on the basis of the fee money which they have collected, at the present time, and which represents all the solvency that they have. They feel that the bank ought to have 15 to 20% as a guarantee of the solvency of the cooperative and they are requesting that against the loan. It is the hope that LARC could furnish this money in the way of shares which would permit the bank to follow its usual procedure.

90. Essayed Shaglouf Let us ask the experts to develop the idea and find a way to enable the Bank to loan the money without having to come to the Commission.

91. Mr. Larson I do believe that the cooperatives are going to have a very difficult time to obtain the money from the bank unless they get collective shares from some other source. I would urge that you do not make any decision on what the cooperatives have been able to show at present.

92. Mr. Hannum The particular point is:- (1) a policy consideration by the Commission as to whether they should deal with cooperatives directly, and my recommendation would be not to deal directly. (2) If that is agreed, that the Commission discuss with the Bank and the cooperatives the next most appropriate step.

93. Mr. Gordon This needs further study in the presentation of a carefully prepared proposal. I certainly feel that if this can be worked out, it would be very good use of LARC money.

94. Essayed Shaglouf Do you think we could leave it to Mr. Hannum to develop this and study it with the Chairman of the Agriculture Bank?

95. Mr. Larson The opportunity will come through the Wadi Caam Area Development Committee which will ask a meeting with the Provincial Administration to work on how they will get started and this will provide a pattern for the other cooperatives.

96. Essayed Shaglouf Then we leave it to the Executive Director.

97. Mr. Hannum Does that include the decision by the Commission that it would not be for LARC to deal directly with the cooperatives?

98. This was agreed.

## Benghazi Harbor

99. Mr. Hannum With regard to the Benghazi Harbor there have been reported at various times to the Commission activities and Committee actions that have been taking place. It appears appropriate now to bring to the attention of the Commission that the Benghazi Harbor activities originated in 1953 when L.P.D. & S.A. entered into a contract with a firm of engineers to make some analysis and studies and their operations proceeded at a good recognized rate of activity. They came in with a report about a year ago and a Special Committee was established under LARC to review this report. This was on the basis discussed that if funds are available and if LARC would be in a position to consider this proposal, we would get the people concerned on the Committee to review this. This was reviewed and the

kinds of equipment and personnel required. The immediate alternative was to obtain by contract an American Firm to proceed immediately to further plans. The additional material came in during the Summer and the group was convened to look at the material. The paper I have passed to you is the minutes of the meeting held on July 20, which was held here in Benghazi. This gives a report concerning the reactions to the plan as proposed. This puts before the Commission the current status of the plans and the work that has been done by the consultants. There are no funds available now for LARC to do a programming to any magnitude. A recent review of estimates indicated that it would require about £L.350,000 in a first year to get under way. This would be on the basis that if it were decided right now it is a matter of getting a decision on the contractors to whom enquiry might be made, analysis of the decisions, award of the contract and then time for the contractor to start getting the equipment. This probably would be 10 months. Therefore, in a first year £L.350,000 would be required. But such decisions should be made on the understanding that you are going to be able to carry on the project. These are some of the facts on the situation and I think it is well that it be understood that for such an activity of such a size, things have been proceeding in a very orderly fashion. The next stage it seems, is a matter of whether funds will be available.

100. Mr. Gordon We have used all the funds available so far and I do not know how long it will be before we get any more. The Government's request has not been submitted to the American Government and if we do get funds these may or may not include the money for the first year work on the Benghazi Harbor. We get our money only on one fiscal year basis. If that is obtained and if the project is initiated and if a long-term commitment will have to be made, this will have to be by the Government as such and not by LARC. I do not see how else it can be done.

101. Mr. Lundy Are there any figures on the various stages of this project?

102. Mr. Hannum No, the total activity on this proposal would amount to £L.5,750,000. If it were to be broken down into sections it would undoubtedly be more expensive. There is another point that might well be recognized, that is that the kind of activity that is involved is not a large employment activity. It will not employ great many people. It involves bringing in specialized pieces of equipment and specialists. The work cannot be broken down economically into very large hand-labour.

103. Essayed Shaglouf We, as a Commission, are in full agreement. This depends on availability of funds and for the first year we can plan but as Mr. Gordon said this means that the Government of Libya will have to see whether it can give the commitment that this activity will continue.

104. Mr. Gordon I found no official in Cyrenaica who would be willing to place the Benghazi Harbor on a higher priority and sacrifice any of the projects under his supervision, but there is a general feeling that it should be done. I am not sure many people consider it a first priority.

105. Essayed Shaglouf In my opinion it is of first priority.

106. Mr. Gordon This is something which has to be considered in the new request for assistance.

## Scholarships

107. Mr. Hannum I wish to report on the question of scholarships. It is worth taking note that this program has been proceeding very well. It involved sending people to European and American Universities and the Beirut University and I think that the Committee that worked on it deserves a great deal of credit. They selected the candidates, made arrangements with the Universities and a number of pupils have already left Libya. This is something that is very creditable.

108. Essayed Shaglouf We give credit to the Committee on behalf of the Commission.

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Technical Committee Membership

109. Mr. Hannum There is another point which I wish to bring to the Commission. This has to do with the attendance by a representative from the Fezzan on the Technical Committee. It seems it might be appropriate to enlarge our Technical Committee by a member from the Fezzan.

110. Essayed Shaglouf I think it is a good idea.

111. Mr. Hannum I do not have anybody to suggest at this point. If the Commission agrees to adding one more member to the Technical Committee, we can undertake to have an early recommendation.

112. This was agreed.

113. Mr. Lundy Have we a Chairman for the Technical Committee now that Mr. Pitt Hardacre has left?

114. Essayed Shaglouf Mr. Davis will be appointed in the place of Mr. Pitt Hardacre but it is up to the Technical Committee to appoint its Chairman.

115. Mr. Hannum Might we think to have a meeting of the Commission in the Fezzan say, about 15th January?

116. Mr. Gordon I think this is a good idea, but I suggest that this be later in January.

117. This was agreed.

118. Essayed Kabazi said that there was great need for scholarships in the Ministry of Communications for technical personnel, such as civil engineering and surveying, which the American University of Beirut are ready to provide and start at any time. This would be a two years' course for fully qualified surveyors, without interruption, but it is necessary to provide 30 pupils.

119. There was a discussion about whether it would be more economical to get the professors here in Libya and have the courses locally. It was pointed out that this would not be so economical in view of the fact that the professors would also hold other classes in Beirut and so it would not be necessary to have the professors on that class for full time. They would have a better choice of professors too. It was agreed that the Ministry of Communications would approach the Scholarship Committee to explore the possibility of obtaining these scholarships.

120. The meeting adjourned at 2.30 p.m.

Accumulative Figures for LARC from beginning through March 31, 1957, from beginning through October 31, 1957, and Estimated Program and Expenditures as of March 31, 1958

| | | TOTAL EARMARKED | | TOTAL ALLOTTED | | TOTAL TRANSFERRED | | TOTAL EXPENDED | | TOTAL ESTIMATED | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | as of 3/31/57 | as of 10/31/57 | as of 3/31/57 | as of 10/31/57 | as of 3/31/57 | as of 10/31/57 | as of 3/31/57 | as of 10/31/57 | Program 3/31/58 *2 | Expenditures 3/31/58 |
| NOTE: 1 Libyan Pound = $2.80 | | | | | | | | | Reports Incomplete at this time. | | |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY & FISHERIES | EL. | 977,300 | 1,110,321 | 897,300 | 1,015,321 | 473,329 | 714,982 | 269,319 | | 1,110,321 | 760,295 |
| | $ | 2,736,440 | 3,108,898 | 2,512,440 | 2,842,899 | 1,325,321 | 2,001,950 | 754,093 | | 3,10 ,898 | 2,128,826 |
| NATURAL RESOURCES | EL. | 847,977 | 1,195,405 | 847,977 | 1,195,405 | 492,712 | 829,092 | 348,229 | | 1,195,405 | 865,400 |
| | $ | 2,374,336 | 3,347,134 | 2,374,336 | 3,347,134 | 1,379,594 | 2,321,458 | 975,041 | | 3,347,134 | 2,423,120 |
| EDUCATION | EL. | 836,801 | 1,392,516 | 656,801 | 771,801 | 181,993 | 367,038 | 81,236 | | 1,393,116 | 740,359 |
| | $ | 2,343,043 | 3,899,045 | 1,839,043 | 2,161,043 | 509,580 | 1,027,706 | 227,461 | | 3,900,725 | 2,073,005 |
| HEALTH | EL. | 829,742 | 1,161,170 | 829,742 | 1,089,742 | 669,793 | 1,088,663 | 360,697 | | 1,168,170 | 977,771 |
| | $ | 2,323,277 | 3,251,276 | 2,323,277 | 3,051,277 | 1,875,420 | 3,048,256 | 1,009,951 | | 3,270,876 | 2,737,759 |
| PUBLIC WORKS | EL. | 2,525,900 | 4,479,981 | 2,525,900 | 4,447,410 | 1,288,433 | 2,163,379 | 925,187 | | 4,479,981 *1 | 3,677,115 |
| | $ | 7,072,520 | 12,543,947 | 7,072,520 | 12,452,748 | 3,607,312 | 6,057,461 | 2,590,523 | | 12,543,947 | 10,295,922 |
| BANKS & SPECIAL PROJECTS | EL. | 2,865,558 | 3,072,701 | 2,865,558 | 3,022,701 | 2,822,701 | 2,872,701 | 2,822,701 | 2,872,701 | 3,072,701 | 2,922,701 |
| | $ | 8,023,563 | 8,603,563 | 8,023,563 | 8,463,563 | 7,903,563 | 8,043,563 | 7,903,563 | 8,043 63 | 8,603,563 | 8,183,562 |
| Loans | EL. | 1,111,855 | 2,361,855 | 1,111,855 | 2,361,855 | 527,860 | 723,318 | 520,167 | 723, 18 | 2,368,855 | 911,083 |
| | $ | 3,113,194 | 6,613,194 | 3,113,194 | 6,613,194 | 1,478,008 | 2,025,290 | 1,456,468 | 2,025,290 | 6,632,794 | 2,551,032 |
| Sub-Total | EL. | 3,977,413 | 5,434,556 | 3,977,413 | 5,384,556 | 3,350,561 | 3,596,019 | 3,342,868 | 3,596,019 | 5,441,556 | 3,833,784 |
| | $ | 11,136,756 | 15,216,757 | 11,136,756 | 15,076,757 | 9,381,571 | 10,068,853 | 9,360,030 | 10,068,853 | 15,236,357 | 10,734,594 |
| TOTAL - PROJECTS: | EL. | 9,995,133 | 14,773,949 | 9,735,133 | 13,904,235 | 6,456,821 | 8,759,173 | 5,327,536 | | 14,788,549 | 10,854,724 |
| | $ | 27,986,372 | 41,367,057 | 27,258,372 | 38,931,858 | 18,079,099 | 24,525,684 | 14,917,100 | | 41,407,937 | 30,393,227 |
| TOTAL - ADMINISTRATIVE: | EL. | 175,035 | 150,842 | 175,035 | 150,842 | 70,739 | 98,212 | 70,739 | 98,212 | 150,842 | 150,842 |
| | $ | 490,098 | 422,358 | 490,098 | 422,358 | 198,069 | 274,994 | 198,069 | 274,994 | 422,358 | 422,358 |
| GRAND TOTAL: | EL. | 10,170,168 | 14,924,791 | 9,910,168 | 14,055,077 | 6,527,560 | 8,857,385 | 5,398,275 | | 14,939,391 | 11,005,566 |
| | $ | 28,476,470 | 41,789,415 | 27,748,470 | 39,354,216 | 18,277,168 | 24,800,678 | 15,115,170 | | 41,830,295 | 30,815,585 |
| Funds Available | $ | 28,067,701 | 41,228,370 | | | | | | | | |
| Funds Received | $ | 21,067,701 | 27,053,170 | | | | | | | | |

*1 EL. 225,000 now Earmarked to be financed from Loan Payments.
*2 On basis of funds presently known to be available.

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APPENDIX IV.A

LARC PROJECT PROPOSAL

PROJECT TITLE: Area Development (A190)

SUB-PROJECT TITLE: ENTE Farms Boundary Survey

PURPOSE OF PROJECT: To re-establish the old Italian boundary lines on the ENTE farms by field survey and to mark the boundaries with permanent markers.

NEED FOR PROJECT:

Libyan farmers have been settled on the old ENTE farms. The old boundary markers have been obliterated and there is no way to place an evaluation upon the farms and prepare the farm contracts for individual farmers until the boundaries are resurveyed and marked. It has already been demonstrated time after time that the farmers will not undertake long-term farm improvements without the assurance of land tenure. Thus, a farm boundary marking project must precede other efforts on the part of the Provincial Government to establish settlers permanently on the farm and to assist these farmers to become prosperous.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT:

There are 1800 farms involved in this project scattered throughout the Jebel Akhdar area from Tocra Pass almost to Derna. These farms were surveyed and marked by the Italian Settlement Scheme. Houses were built. Land was subjugated and brought under cultivation. Selected Libyan farmers now occupy all of these farms and have been on probation for several years with the promise that if they show themselves worthy the farms will eventually be sold to them. All of the old farm boundaries have been obliterated and even the maps showing the location of the farms are not good. It will be necessary to resurvey as accurately as possible with the information available the farm boundaries and re-mark the boundaries with permanent markers.

It is proposed to start the farm boundary survey with one crew consisting of a surveying engineer and four helpers and to add up 3 more crews as fast as funds, personnel and equipment can be obtained. It will be necessary to use third country nationals as the engineering surveyors because of the technical accuracy which is required; however, the crew members will be selected Libyan boys who show an aptitude for engineering work so that they will develop into engineering trainees while working on this project. Thus, the project can be said to be both an operating project and a training project. It will be necessary to provide several automotive units, transits, rods and surveying chains for crews as indicated below in the budget items. It will also be necessary to have 1½ ton trucks for hauling the boundary markers to the various crews and to provide a boundary marker crew for each of the surveying crews. Each boundary marker crew will require about eight Libyans, who will erect the markers on the boundary lines surveyed by the surveying crew.

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It is estimated that the work will require 48 crew-months and a total of £L. 23,000.000, as indicated in the budget. It will also be necessary to have two permanent skilled draftsmen for a period of one year to plot all of the surveys upon maps for permanent record.

AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SUB-PROJECT:

The project should be under the general supervision and responsibility of appropriate offices in the Cyrenaican Administration, such as the Office of State Properties..

The surveying, boundary marking and mapping work should be under the immediate supervision of the Engineering Section of the Agriculture and Water Resources Joint Service, Cyrenaica and this Joint Service should be the action agency under Project A19C, Area Development. The Area Development Committee of Cyrenaica should give advisory assistance.

APPROXIMATE EXTENT OF THE WORK:

1860 farms covering about 2300 kilometers of line.

BUDGET:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Surveying Crews** | | | |
| 4 Surveyors @ £L. 80 per month | | £L. 320.000 | |
| 16 Rodmen @ 15 per month | | 240.000 | |
| 2 Truck Drivers @ 20 per month | | 40.000 | |
| | Total per Month | £L. 600.000 | |
| | Total 12 months | | £L. 7,200 |
| **Boundary Marker Placement Crews** | | | |
| 4 Supervisors @ £L. 15 | | £L. 60.000 | |
| 24 Laborers @ £L. 12 | | 288.000 | |
| 2 Truck Drivers @ £L. 15 | | 30.000 | |
| | Total per Month | £L. 378.000 | |
| | Total 12 Months | | 4,536 |
| **Office Work** | | | |
| 2 Draftsmen or 1 Draftman and 2 Assistants for 13 Months | | | 1,170 |
| Office Work of Party Chiefs | | | 480 |
| **Cars** | | | |
| 2 Land Rovers @ £L. 860 | | | 1,720 |
| 2 Trucks @ £L. 2,000 | | | 4,000 |
| Contingency Fund and Miscellaneous | | | 500 |
| Engineering Equipment | | | 2,000 |
| Operating Expenses for Cars & Trucks | | | 2,100 |
| | TOTAL | | £L.23,706 |

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become available.

APPENDIX I.

DECLASSIFIED

LIBYAN AMERICAN RECONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

FINANCIAL STATUS OF PROGRAMS AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1957

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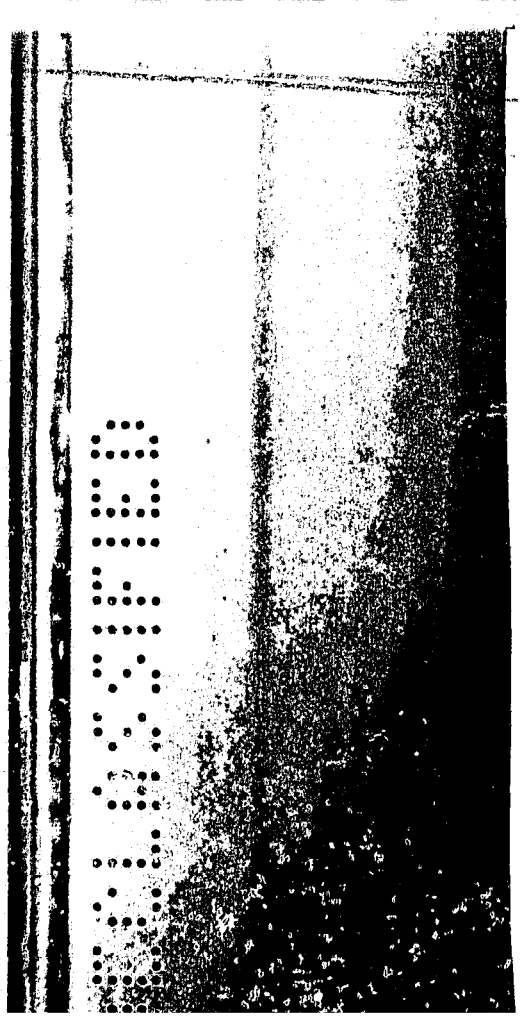


LOAN AT NOTE INSTITUTION CONSTRUCTION
BALANCE SHEET AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1957

I. U.S. CONTRIBUTIONS: (Through U.S. Fiscal year ending June 30, 1958)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U.S. fiscal year 1954 (end. 6/30/54) | $ | 1,000,000.00 | Special Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1955 (end. 6/30/55) | | 4,000,000.00 | Special Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1955 (end. 6/30/55) | | 5,000,000.00 | ICA Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1956 (end. 6/30/56) | | 4,000,000.00 | Special Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1956 (end. 6/30/56) | | 5,000,000.00 | ICA Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1957 (end 6/30/57) | | 4,000,000.00 | Special Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1957 (end. 6/30/57) | | 16,150,000.00 | ICA Funds |
| U.S. fiscal year 1958 (end. 6/30/58) | | 4,000,000.00 | Special Funds |
| | $ | 41,150,000.00 | @ 32.80 = EL. 14,695,428 |

II. OTHER INCOME:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3 million dollars put in 90-day bills; interest the room: | | $ | 67,701.44 |
| Interest on Loan | EL. 1,701,390 | | |
| Sales | 2,108,656 | | |
| | EL. 3,810,046 @ 32.80 = | | 10,868.15 |
| | | $ | 78,569.57 |

III. RESERVED AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1957:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| [illegible] | $ | 1,000,000.00 |
| [illegible] | | [illegible] |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| September of 1956 | 1,207,500.00 | |
| October of 1956 | 4,000,000.00 | |
| February of 1957 | 1,400,000.00 | |
| May of 1957 | 4,055,200.00 | |
| June of 1957 | 1,919,600.00 | |
| | $ 26,974,800.00 | |
| Other Income (Interest and Sales) | 78,369.57 | |
| Total Received as of 10/31/57 | $ 27,053,169.57 | @ $2.80 = EL. 9,661,846.277 |

IV: DEPOSITS OF FUNDS AND BANK RECONCILIATION AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1957:

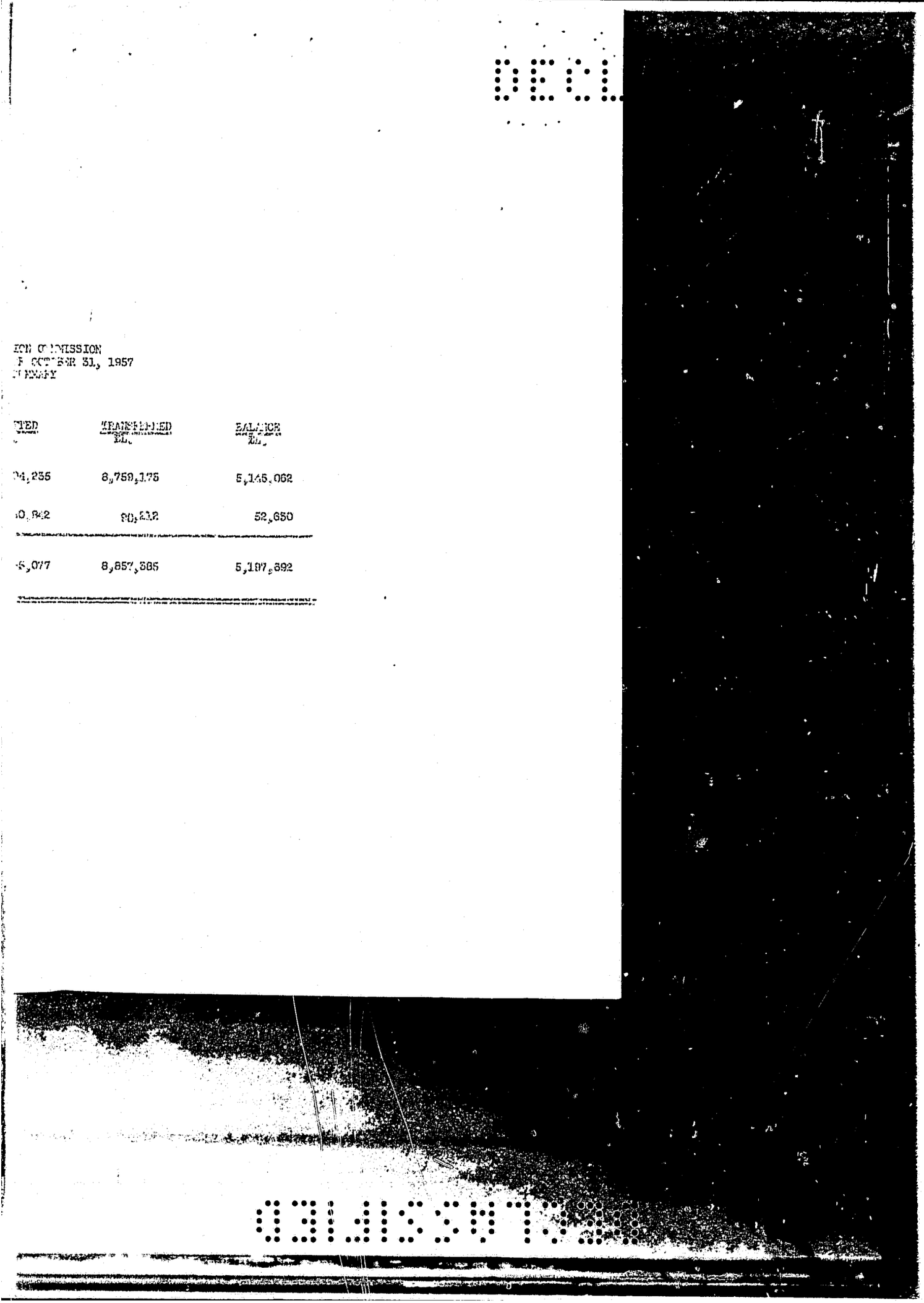
| | Barclays D.C.O., Tripoli EL. | National Bank of Libya EL. | National Bank of Libya $ | Total EL. | Total $ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Book Balance Sept. 30, 1957 | 26,494.523 | 91,431.292 | 3,459,588.38 | | |
| Deposited during October | 4.704 | 400,312.868 | - 0 - | | |
| TOTAL: | 26,499,227 | 491,744.160 | 3,459,588.38 | | |
| Withdrawals during Oct. | 2,812.046 | 368,444.308 | 1,589,321.21 | | |
| BOOK BALANCE 10/31/57 | 23,687.181 | 123,299.852 | 1,870,267.17 | EL. 814,939.593 | $ 2,281,830.85 |
| BANK STATEMENT BALANCE | 23,687.181 | 123,414.052 | 1,870,267.17 | 815,053.793 | 2,282,150.62 |
| Difference O/S Check #3127, 10/23/57, Payee: E. Magiar (Tripoli) | - 0 - | 114.200 | - 0 - | | |
| | - 0 - | 114.200 | - 0 - | | |

TOTAL CASH IN BANKS:
EL. 815,053.793
$ 2,282,150.62

concerned on the Committee to review this. This was reviewed and the

LIBYAN AMERICAN RECONSTR...
FINANCIAL STATUS OF PROGRAMS ...
RECAPITULATION

| | EARMARKED EL. | ALL ... |
|---|---|---|
| PROJECTS TOTAL | 14,773,949 | 15 |
| ADMINISTRATION TOTAL | 150,842 | |
| GRAND TOTAL | 14,924,791 | 14. |



DECL

ION COMMISSION
H OCTOBER 31, 1957
ENERGY

| TED | TRANSFERRED EL. | BALANCE EL. |
|---|---|---|
| 04,235 | 8,759,173 | 5,145,062 |
| 40,842 | 98,232 | 52,650 |
| 45,077 | 8,857,385 | 5,197,892 |

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N [illegible]SION
0[illegible] 31, 1957
[illegible]

| [illegible] ALLOTTED | TRANSFERRED AS OF 10/31/57 | ALLOTTED BALANCE AS OF 10/31/57 |
|---|---|---|
| [illegible] | EL. | EL. |
| 1 015 771 | 714,982 | 300,789 |
| 1,195,405 | 829,092 | 366,313 |
| 771,801 | 367,038 | 404,763 |
| 1,089,744 | 1,088,665 | 1,079 |
| 4,447,410 | 2,163,379 | 2,284,031 |
| 3 022,701 | 2,872,701 | 150,000 |
| 2,351,855 | 723,318 | 1,628,537 |
| 5 586 [illegible] | 5,586,019 | 1,788,587 |
| 9,804,[illegible] | 8 739,173 | 5,145,082 |
| 150 [illegible] | 98,219 | 52,630 |
| [illegible] | 8 837,385 | 5,197,692 |

[illegible]

LEBANESE REPUBLIC
FINANCIAL STATUS OF PROJECTS

RECAPIT

| PROJECT | TOTAL EARMARKED |
|---|---|
| | LL. |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY & FISHERIES | 1,110,321 |
| NATURAL RESOURCES | 1,195,405 |
| EDUCATION | 1,397,516 |
| HEALTH | 1,161,170 |
| PUBLIC WORKS | 4,479,981 |
| BANKS & SPECIAL PROJECTS | 8,072,701 |
| LOANS | 2,361,855 |
| Sub-Total | 5,434,556 |
| PROJECTS TOTAL | 14,773,949 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE TOTAL | 150,842 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 14,924,791 |

LIBYAN ARTISIAN [illegible]
FINANCIAL STATUS OF PR[illegible]

| | PROJECT | ACTION AGENCY |
|---|---|---|
| | AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY & FISHERIES: | |
| A1T | Livestock Improvement | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A9T | Veterinary Services | Nazirate of Agriculture - [illegible] |
| A14T | Stud Centers and Forage Reserves | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A15T | Livestock Facilities | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A16T | Modernize Dairy | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A1Ta | Fodder Production | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A1C | Livestock Improvement | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A9C | Veterinary Services | Nazirate of Agriculture - Cyre[illegible] |
| A17C | Wool Washing Plant | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A13F | Livestock Improvement | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A2T | Range Management | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A2C | Range Management | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A3T | Afforestation | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A3C | Afforestation | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A5L | Grain Storage | Ministry of National Economy |
| A6L | Food Processing & Cold Storage | Agricultural Technical Sub-Co[illegible] |
| A7T | Agriculture Extension Training | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A7C | Agriculture Extension Training | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A7F | Agriculture Extension Training | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & Nat[illegible] |
| A8C | Horticultural Nurseries | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & P[illegible] |
| A10L | Fisheries | Libyan Public Develop. & Str[illegible] |
| A18C | Land Settlement - ENTE Properties | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & [illegible] |
| A18Ca | ENTE Farms - Renovate | Department of State Proper[illegible] |
| A19T | Area Development | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & [illegible] |
| A19C | Area Development | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture & [illegible] |
| A26C | Agriculture Transport Equipment | Nazirate of Agriculture - [illegible] |
| A24C | Agriculture Building | Nazirate of Agriculture - [illegible] |
| A25T | Improvement of Date Market, Zliten | Nazirate of Agriculture - [illegible] |
| A23C | Range Management and Forage Production | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture [illegible] |
| A27T | Central Agriculture Workshop | Nazirate of Agriculture [illegible] |
| A12T | Soil Survey | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture [illegible] |
| A12C | Soil Survey | L.A.J.S. for Agriculture [illegible] |
| | TOTALS: | |

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[redacted]

[redacted] COMMISSION
AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1957

| | TOTAL EARMARKED | TOTAL ALLOTTED | TRANSFERRED AS OF 10/31/57 | ALLOTTED BALANCE AS OF 10/31/57 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | EL. | EL. | EL. | EL. |
| L Resources | 40,000 | 40,000 | 30,000 | 10,000 |
| [redacted] | 4,761 | 4,761 | 4,761 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 10,950 | 10,950 | 10,950 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 5,172 | 5,172 | 5,172 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 82,000 | 82,000 | 64,000 | 18,000 |
| on | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 13,000 | 13,000 | 13,000 | - 0 - |
| L Resources | 8,600 | 8,600 | 6,000 | 2,600 |
| L Resources | 30,000 | 30,000 | 25,000 | 5,000 |
| L Resources | 25,000 | 25,000 | 15,000 | 10,000 |
| L Resources | 97,036 | 97,036 | 92,116 | 4,920 |
| L Resources | 145,000 | 145,000 | 135,000 | 10,000 |
| | 110,000 | 110,000 | 33,128 | 76,872 |
| ce | 100,000 | 50,000 | 2,307 | 47,693 |
| L Resources | 49,500 | 34,500 | 25,503 | 8,997 |
| Resources | 29,500 | 29,500 | 17,000 | 12,500 |
| Resources | 8,000 | 8,000 | 3,000 | 5,000 |
| Resources | 20,388 | 20,388 | 19,174 | 1,214 |
| Agency | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | - 0 - |
| Reserves | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | - 0 - |
| Exploration | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | - 0 - |
| Resources | 58,200 | 58,200 | 40,000 | 18,200 |
| Resources | 38,714 | 38,714 | 12,571 | 26,143 |
| | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | - 0 - |
| | 86,000 | 86,000 | 35,000 | 51,000 |
| | 8,800 | 8,800 | 8,800 | - 0 - |
| ces | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | - 0 - |
| | 30,000 | - 0 - | - 0 - | - 0 - |
| ces | 7,500 | 7,500 | - 0 - | 7,500 |
| ces | 7,500 | 7,500 | - 0 - | 7,500 |
| | [redacted] | [redacted] | [redacted] | [redacted] |

[redacted]

RECTION C[illegible]VISION
AS OF OCT[illegible]31, 1957

| | TOTAL EARMARKED | TOTAL ALLOTTED | TRANSFERRED AS OF 10/31/57 | ALLOTTED BALANCE AS OF 10/31/57 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | EL. | EL. | EL. | EL. |
| [illegible] Resource | 58,786 | 58,786 | 42,080 | 16,706 |
| [illegible] Resource | 64,000 | 64,000 | 49,521 | 14,479 |
| Resource | 15,000 | 15,000 | 6,020 | 8,980 |
| [illegible] Resource | 3,655 | 3,655 | 3,655 | - 0 - |
| [illegible] Resource | 154,000 | 154,000 | 143,210 | 10,790 |
| [illegible] Resource | 31,000 | 31,000 | 31,000 | - 0 - |
| Resource | | | | |
| Resource | 64,400 | 64,400 | 59,256 | 5,144 |
| Agency | 19,000 | 19,000 | 19,000 | - 0 - |
| Resource | 10,000 | 10,000 | 8,000 | 2,000 |
| Resource | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | - 0 - |
| Sub-Total | 99,400 | 99,400 | 92,256 | 7,144 |
| [illegible] Resource | 273,214 | 273,214 | 200,000 | 73,214 |
| [illegible] Resource | 260,000 | 260,000 | 160,000 | 100,000 |
| [illegible]on | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | - 0 - |
| [illegible] Resource | 36,350 | 36,350 | 21,350 | 15,000 |
| [illegible] Resource | 175,000 | 175,000 | 55,000 | 120,000 |
| | 1,195,405 | 1,195,405 | 829,092 | 366,313 |

SECRET